

roud publishers of Lewiston-Porter Sentinel Grand Island PennySaver Niagara-Wheatfield Tribune Island Dispatch

vww.wnypapers.com



Vol. 18 No. 26

August 27, 2005

28 Pages

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Crossing safely



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# Ferry sets sail Sept. 17



Niagara-on-the-Lake Lord Mayor Gary Burroughs (center) addresses th as Youngstown Mayor Neil Riordan (right) and Clyde Burmaster, vice Niagara County Legislature (left), look on. (photo by Larry Austin)

Port passengers from the Mayor Gary Burroughs and Youngstown Yacht Club dock both area's respective chamto its counterpart on Melville bers of commerce.

Street in Niagara-on-the-Lake

Tourist Boost

by Joshua Maloni 2,000 feet of river water.
Local officials spearheading Clyde Burmaster, vice Clyde Burmaster, vice chair-

Local officials spearheading Clyde Burmaster, vice chairefforts to establish a permaman of the Niagara County nent cross-border ferry will host a one-day promotional event to gauge interest in the project. On Saturday, Sept. 17, the and altractions in two countries R i o r d an whirlpool Jet Boat will transport passengers from the Mayor Gary Burroughs and

Street in Niagara-on-the-Lake
every half hour from 11 a.m. to
5 p.m. It will take between five
and 10 minutes to cross the

Tourist Boost
Burmaster called the
ferry project, "A tremendous
continued on page 2

## Nitelefaka (ajir oleka elejekelka to be saved

Rolph Schwarz

then three and a half months
asticipation, supporters of the
again Falls An Roserve Base
a trenthing a collective sigh of
the fas it appears that the facili-

them high the facility will remain open to see recommendation project to the facility will remain open to see by the Base Alignment and sure Commission early Friday ernoon would see the Niagara base keep eight C-180 reules aircraft, as currently erated by the 914th Airlifting and eight IC-135 air refueltankers, as currently manned ing and eight LC till air refuelg tankers, as currently manned
y the 107th Air Refueling Wing,
he numbers are identical with
it turrent air fleet maintained
y the 814th Airlift Wing and
he 107th Air Refueling Wing.
The crisinal plans issued by the

### LOOW . takes on a new chapter

by Terry Duffy (Part I) . For the past several decades, northern Niagara County residents have co-existed with a legacy which some to this day have termed an environmental nightmare.

Known back in the 1940s and early '50s as the Lake Ontario Ordnance Works, it comprised a 7,500-acre tract of lands in Lewiston which originally were devoted to farming until govern-ment seizure in 1942. It then saw a significant amount of activity linked to the Buffalo-Niagara Falls region's contribution to the national war effort during World War II, and later on, from a wide assortment of waste operations in following

Starting out life in 1942-43, first as a rather elaborate TNT manufacturing complex, up to roughly 1,500 interior acres of LOOW property went on to become an integral part of the Buffalo area's research and production activities solved to the duction activities related to the Manhattan Project in the war years, leading to the develop-ment of the atomic bombs which were dropped over Japan in August 1945.

Following that time these lands, primarily due to their ideal clay soil composition utility for land filling, became a popu-lar Buffalo-Niagara Falls area option for a wide assortment of federal government, municipal, commercial and industrial waste disposal operations, some of which continue to this day.

Environmental Abuses
But as a result LOOW also fell
victim to a wide range of environmental abuses, first from the radiation contamination attributed to the World War II-era Manhattan Project activities, then from post-war related government land filling in the '50s and '60s, and then from a mix of activities comprising both hazardous as well as municipal waste disposal operations which

continue to present day.

Currently the lands include the 191-acre Niagara Falls the 191-acre Niagara Falls
Storage Site, a highly radioactive contaminated U.S. government facility managed by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
the operations of Modern
Corporation on the southern
continued on page 6

# Just peachy...



### CWM studies follow DEC operating permit renewal

intinued from cover

Waste Chemical anagement on its northern rder, a Niagara Mohawk ght-of-way in the middle, cidental and Army National uard lands, and a mix of cal, military and private operties.

also comprises the ewiston-Porter School istrict campus, a site which orders the far outer perimers of the LOOW site on its estern fringes on Creek oad. Despite the worries of any in the area concerned ith health and safety issues students and district staff om Lew-Port's location to the aste operations, many offials, particularly those from ie Army Corps, have steadstly denied any residual conmination link to the Lewort campus.

"LOOW activities never dended out that far," said Papura of the Army who works at the FFS site.

Inner LOOW Site Problems

However concerns dating from LOOW's World War IIera Manhattan Project activity, and particularly the later mix of now questionable disposal and incomplete clean-ups of radioactive materials, remain. Added to that are incomplete and oftentimes confusing government documentation of these clean-ups

And that's where much of the area's environmental worries come into play. While both Modern as well as CWM strictly adhere to current standards and technologies for their respective waste disposal operations, unresolved problems, questions and concerns remain with respect to what was done earlier, particularly with respect to radiological contamination.

nutshell, today's remain- cal problems on CWM's lands radiological issue at back in 2003. In a nutshell, today's remain-LOOW stems from the very wide variations in technologies there hasn't been any correcemployed in land filling operative action at LOOW. There tions which have changed indeed has. From the decades

present day. What was viewed as acceptable procedures for the handling of radioactive waste back in the '40s. '50s and '60s for example, wouldn't even be considered today. But the results of those practices LOOW site.

Community Protests

And the concerns of the munity continue. Recent years have seen countless protests, citizens groups formed, community forums held, lawsuits brought, studies done, as well a slew of local, county and state legislative and actual onsite

It has also seen extensive coverage by the Sentinel, which first unearthed the radiologi-

But that is not to say that

drastically from the 1940s to of earlier US government clean-ups to current day monitoring and remediation work, much has and continues to be done in the LOOW area. In fact, much of the response by the Army Corps and CWM is very much attributed to the remain in various areas of the aforementioned years of com-LOOW site. aforementioned years of com-munity heat on this issue.

LOOW Today
This summer the Sentinel had northern Niagara County com- opportunity to meet with the Army Corps and revisit the inner confines of the cordonedoff NFFS property, as well as discuss at length with CWM technical officials and their private contractors, just "what's what" with respect to responsive/remedial current activities targeting radiation at both sites. In a nutshell, much of what the Sentinel has found is indeed encouraging.

Currently the NFFS property, whose problems were detailed in a July 11, 2003, Sentinel analysis, remains a highly restricted government facility under the auspices of the Formerly Used Sites Remedial Action Program, whose maintenance and monitoring falls under the direction of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Other than the Corps' very extensive mainte-nance of the facility, which includes a 10-acre Interim Waste Containment Structure housing high level radioactive waste on its western edge, and the Corps high-tech monitoring of radioactivity throughout the property which has been greatly enhanced from the ear-lier visit, not that much has changed at NFFS over the past

two years.

But it nonetheless remains a very fascinating facility, which will be explored in greater detail in Part II of the Sentinel's report.

**CWM Responds** 

Over at the 700-plus acre CWM operation, which last month gained approval by the Department Environmental Conservation

continued on page 7

### What is CWM in Model City?

CWM (Chemical Waste Management) is a 710 acre chemical and industrial waste management facility. CWM serves private and government customers in the Northeastern United States and Canada by offering a wide array of chemical and industrial waste treatment, storage and disposal services. Our customers include over 80 manufacturers in Western New York.



Giving Back to the Community

CWM recently held its 15th annual charity golf tournament. This tournament raised \$20,000 for the W.H. Stevenson Elementary School playground in Ransomville. This donation brings the contributions over the years of the golf tournament to \$139,300. CWM also tries to take a leadership role in the community by helping local organizations. During the past year, CWM contributed nearly \$48,000 to local groups like the Ransomville and Youngstown libraries, area Boy Scout Troops, American Red Cross, United Way, Mt. St.Mary's Hospital, and many others. Pictured above are: Michael Cancilla, Principal of W.H. Stevenson Elementary, John Hino, CWM Permitting Manager and Golf Tournament Chairperson, Steve Rydzyk, Project Engineer, CWM, Pam Russell, chairperson of the playground campaign and Debbie Littere, playground committee.

Examples of Waste Streams Accepted at CWM: Contaminated soils

Alkaline batteries Soil contaminated w/ home heating oil Lead paint chips from scraping and removal of lead paint Fluorescent light bulbs Soil w/ pesticides from orchards Sandblast grit from Lewiston-Queenston Bridge Leaded glaze, glass, decals from fine china manufacturing Window and door frames from lead paint removal Sludge from electroplating car parts Old/outdated paint pigments Spraybooth paint filters Soil with low level solvents from dry Ion exchange resin and carbon

Railroad ties and telephone poles Glass grinding sludge from making optical lenses **Empty oil filters** Sand with lead, from gun firing ranges Asbestos insulation (specially packaged)

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Radioactive materials **Medical** waste Explosives Household garbage

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### Tests show normal background readings

continued from page 6

of a long-sought Part 373 Waste Hazardous Management permit renewal covering a period to 2010, (Sentinel, Aug. 6), the company today is preparing for its future in Porter.

As one of the conditions outlined in DEC permit approval, CWM, which acquired the Balmer Road site from Chem-Trol and has operated there since the mid-80s, is now being called to address the radioac contamination/health safety issue raised earlier by the Sentinel and now the focus of both of the Niagara County Health Department and the New York State Health Department.

CWM, which in years past had staunchly stood by 1970s-1980s-era federal DOD and DOE documents as proof that earlier radiation cleanups on LOOW property were sufficiently addressed, is now working with private contrac-tors to further examine this issue, particularly with respect to the remaining radiwith ation on lands now owned by the company.

On-Site Surveys

At this writing, CWM is pro ceeding with a very detailed Site-Wide Radiological Survey Plan being carried out by URS Corp., a global engineering and design firm and a leading U.S. government contractor whose services include technical assistance and maintenance of properties, including those like CWM's Porter facili-

"We wanted to bring in the of the best," remarked CWM District Manager Dick Sturges as he discussed the various elements of the URS project.

Being performed under the direction of B. Scott Davidson, CHP, CSP, who serves as principal health physicist with URS, the radiation environmental monitoring plan now underway at CWM includes detailed sampling and analysis of ground water surface water and air on the CWM's 700-plus acres for specified radiological parameters.

Considered very much a work in progress, it includes walk-throughs utilizing hightech gamma scan equipment, ground water monitoring of 200 wells situated throughout the CWM property, surface water monitoring and site-

Sturges reported much this work is being conducted in order to satisfy requirements from the DEC and DOH who wanted past and current background comparisons of radiation on the property.

Problem Sites

"Special Attention Areas," to be studied for radiation at CWM, include identified problem sites such as the PCB Warehouse on CWM's eastern end, lagoons, faculative ponds and former PCB storage tank areas on the southwest, the central drainage ditch coming off the NFFS property from the south, the University of Rochester burial area, and areas on the western edge and south that were deemed inaccessible in earlier studies. This is in addition to the overall radiation detection studies being performed on all areas of the CWM property.

Being conducted by four environmental technicians from the Buffalo area, this walk-though study, which began in mid-July, utilizes gamma scan equipment on a bicycle cart type set-up, which beams the results electronically via Global Positioning Systems.

Expected ultimately to establish 2 million data points of information throughout the CWM property, at this writing the results thus far are very limited, according to Davidson. Round #1 of this study was expected to con-clude in late August and results of Round #2 would likely be completed by early 2006.

This study thus far has cost CWM roughly \$330,000 according to Sturges, who said it comprises both the preliminary plan work carried out by Shaw Environmental Inc. and

the URS group.
Normal Background
Readings

Davidson reported that technicians thus far have found readings of radioactivity in its limited studies, but very much within its established acceptable limits of 16.000 Counts Per Minute. Of the analysis thus far, CPM readings have ranged from a low of 2,500 to 2,999 CPM, to a high range of 10,000-10,499 CPM -- again all within acceptable range, said Davidson.

He adds the lower CPMs are comparable to radiation background typically found in asphalt, while the upper

those found in conventional building materials such as granite and in cement motars.

"Nothing out of the ordinary thus far," said Davidson.

Sturges closed by noting this study is very much ongoing and any findings that show

from both the URS group and CWM.

Part II of the Sentinel's report will focus on ongoing Army call 754-8271 or 754-1990 an leave a message for Marianne.

Vendors sought for **Country Fair** 

The Village of Lewiston Recreation Department is seeking flea market vendors for its eighth annual Country

and any findings that show problems will prompt further review and follow-up actions by CWM. "We're here to cooperate," he said.

Look for further details on these results as they come from both the URS group and CWM."

A county of the event takes place and sturday, Sept. 24 and Sunday, Sept. 25 – rain or shine – at the Lewiston Red Brick School grounds, 145 North Fourth St., Lewiston.

Vendors need to set up on Saturday. Sunday is ontional

Saturday; Sunday is optional. Setup time opens at 7 a.m.

To reserve a vendor space, call 754-8271 or 754-1990 and

### Chris Beard in **Blues Monday Finale**

Chris Beard, often hailed as "The Prince of Blues," will present the last free concert in

the Blue Monday series this Monday, Aug. 29.

The Blue Monday Finale takes place from 7 to 9 p.m. at the Hennepin Park gazebo, Fourth and Center streets.

Beard is known as a blues man through and through and one of the hottest guitarists on the contemporary blues scene.

For more information, call 754-0166.

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